## HARDNESS CONVERSION NUMBERS FOR STEEL

## **BASED ON ROCKWELL HARDNESS**

ROCKWELL	SCLEROSCOPE	BRINELL	TENSIL STRENGTH LBS/SQ. INCH
1		158	80,000
2		160	80,700
3		162	81,500
4		165	82,800
5		168	84,000
6		171	85,000
7		174	87,000
8	28	177	88,000
9	28	180	89,200
10	29	183	90,600
11	29	186	91,800
12	29	190	93,800
13	30	193	95,000
14	30	197	96,800
15	30	201	98,500
16	31	206	100,500
17	32	210	102,400
18	32	215	104,600
19	33	220	106,800
20	33	225	109,000
21	34	230	110,100
22	35	235	113,200
23	36	241	115,800
24	36	247	118,500
25	37	253	121,200
26	38	259	124,000
27	39	265	126,500

ROCKWELL	SCLEROSCOPE	BRINELL	TENSIL STRENGTH LBS/SQ. INCH		
28	40	272	129,500		
29	41	279	133,000		
30	42	286	135,000		
31	43	294	139,500		
32	44	301	142,300		
33	45	309	146,000		
34	46	318	150,000		
35	47	327	153,800		
36	48	337	158,000		
37	50	347	162,800		
38	51	357	167,800		
39	52	367	173,500		
40	53	377	179,600		
41	54	387	186,000		
42	56	398	193,000		
43	57	408	200,000		
44	58	419	206,500		
45	59	430	213,400		
46	61	442	221,000		
47	62	453	231,600		
48	63	464	236,600		
49	65	476	245,500		
50	66	488	255,500		
51	67	500	263,500		
52	69	512	273,000		
53	70	524	283,000		
54	71	536			

ROCKWELL	SCLEROSCOPE	BRINELL	TENSIL STRENGTH LBS/SQ. INCH
55	73	548	
56	74	561	
57	76	574	
58	77	584	
59	78	600	
60	80	613	
61	81	627	
62	82		
63	84		

## NOTE

Exact comparison between Rockwell and Brinell tests for hardness is impossible because of differences in methods of determination. This table is offered for approximation only. The figures are mostly derived from ordinary carbon and alloy steels and should not be applied to austenitic or highly alloyed steels.

**Brinell** hardness is the measurement of resistance to indentation. The machine prepresses a hardened steel ball into the metal being tested; the size of the impression is measured by its diameter.

Rockwell hardness is also the measurement of resistance to indentation. The load and the penetrator are both smaller than the Brinell test and the depth of the indentation is measured rather than the diameter.

**Scleroscope** hardness is determined by measuring the rebound of a diamond-pointed hammer which is dropped on the material being tested.